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Preface

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Preface

Combinatorial optimization is one of the main research areas in the context of algorithmic problem solving. A combinatorial optimization problem is solved when one or several solutions optimizing one or several objective functions are found from a large finite set of candidate solutions. This ubiquitous approach is successful in many real-world applications such as applications in the domains of transportation, energy, planning, resource management, scheduling, system design, and many more. With new challenges from these domains, the complexity and size of combinatorial optimization problems increase, and therefore, new research questions arise in order to understand and design more efficient search algorithms. Evolutionary algorithms and related methods, which can be more or less bio-inspired, are intuitive, flexible, and powerful approaches able to solve such problems. They are also capable of dealing with the trade-off between solution quality and running time, which makes such approaches very attractive. Thus, the task for the scientific community and practitioners is to develop efficient evolutionary algorithms able to reach high-quality solutions within the available computation resources according to the properties of the combinatorial problem under consideration. The following papers show the most recent theoretical and experimental research in this area.

This volume contains the proceedings of EvoCOP 2021, the 21th European Conference on Evolutionary Computation in Combinatorial Optimisation. Originally planned as a hybrid conference with on-site participation in Seville, Spain, the conference was later turned into an online-only event due to the COVID-19 pandemic.

The EvoCOP conference series started in 2001, with the first workshop specifically devoted to evolutionary computation in combinatorial optimization. It became an annual conference in 2004. EvoCOP 2021 was organized together with EuroGP (the 24th European Conference on Genetic Programming), EvoMUSART (the 10th International Conference on Artificial Intelligence in Music, Sound, Art and Design), and EvoApplications (the 24th International Conference on the Applications of Evolutionary Computation, formerly known as EvoWorkshops), in a joint event collectively known as EvoStar 2021. Previous EvoCOP proceedings were published by Springer in the *Lecture Notes in Computer Science* series (LNCS volumes 2037, 2279, 2611, 3004, 3448, 3906, 4446, 4972, 5482, 6022, 6622, 7245, 7832, 8600, 9026, 9595, 10197, 10782, 11452, and 12102). The table on the next page reports the statistics for each of the previous conferences.

This year, 14 out of 42 papers were accepted after a rigorous double-blind reviewing process, resulting in a 33% acceptance rate. We would like to acknowledge the high-quality and timely work of our diverse Program Committee members, who each year donate their time and expertise to maintain the high standards of EvoCOP and provide constructive feedback to help authors improve their papers. Decisions considered both the reviewers' report and the evaluation of the program chairs. The 14 accepted papers cover a wide spectrum of topics, ranging from the foundations of

evolutionary algorithms and other search heuristics to their accurate design and application to combinatorial optimization problems. Fundamental and methodological aspects deal with runtime analysis, the structural properties of fitness landscapes, the study of core components of metaheuristics, the clever design of their search principles, and their careful selection and configuration. Applications cover problem domains such as scheduling, routing, search-based software engineering, and general graph problems. We believe that the range of topics covered in this volume of EvoCOP proceedings reflects the current state of research in the fields of evolutionary computation and combinatorial optimization.

EvoCOP	LNCS vol.	Submitted	Accepted	Acceptance (%)
2021	12692	42	14	33.3
2020	12102	37	14	37.8
2019	11452	37	14	37.8
2018	10782	37	12	32.4
2017	10197	39	16	41.0
2016	9595	44	17	38.6
2015	9026	46	19	41.3
2014	8600	42	20	47.6
2013	7832	50	23	46.0
2012	7245	48	22	45.8
2011	6622	42	22	52.4
2010	6022	69	24	34.8
2009	5482	53	21	39.6
2008	4972	69	24	34.8
2007	4446	81	21	25.9
2006	3906	77	24	31.2
2005	3448	66	24	36.4
2004	3004	86	23	26.7
2003	2611	39	19	48.7
2002	2279	32	18	56.3
2001	2037	31	23	74.2

We would like to express our appreciation to the various people and institutions making EvoCOP 2021 a successful event. First, we thank SPECIES, the Society for the Promotion of Evolutionary Computation in Europe and its Surroundings, which aims to promote evolutionary algorithmic thinking within Europe and wider, and more generally to promote inspiration of parallel algorithms derived from natural processes. We extend our acknowledgments to Nuno Lourenço from the University of Coimbra, Portugal, for his dedicated work with the submission and registration system, to João Correia from the University of Coimbra, Portugal, and Francisco Chicano from the University of Málaga, Spain, for EvoStar publicity, social media, and website, and to Sérgio Rebelo from the University of Coimbra, Portugal, for his important graphic design work. We wish to thank our prominent keynote speakers, Darrell Whitley from Colorado State University, USA, and Susanna Manrubia from the Spanish National

Centre for Biotechnology (CSIC), Madrid, Spain. Finally, we express our continued appreciation to Anna I. Esparcia-Alcázar from SPECIES, Europe, whose considerable efforts in managing and coordinating EvoStar helped towards building a unique, vibrant, and friendly atmosphere.

Special thanks go to the members of the EvoCOP Steering Committee (Christian Blum, Francisco Chicano, Carlos Cotta, Peter Cowling, Jens Gottlieb, Jin-Kao Hao, Jano van Hemert, Bin Hu, Arnaud Liefooghe, Manuel López-Ibáñez, Peter Merz, Martin Middendorf, Gabriela Ochoa, Luís Paquete, and Günther Raidl) for their hard work at and dedication to past editions of EvoCOP, making it one of the reference international events in evolutionary computation and metaheuristics for combinatorial optimization.

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